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**Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2011**  
**Compiler Design**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting  
at least TWO questions from each part.**

**PART – A**

- 1 a. Describe in brief, the structure of a compiler, with a neat block diagram, depicting the output of each phase for the expression  $a = b + c * 50$ , where a, b and c are reals. (14 Marks)
- b. Describe the various parameter passing mechanisms for a subroutine. (06 Marks)
  
- 2 a. Construct a non-recursive predictive parsing table for the following grammar:
  - $S \rightarrow A$
  - $A \rightarrow aB \mid Ad$
  - $B \rightarrow bBC \mid f$
  - $C \rightarrow g$
 (10 Marks)
- b. What is left recursion? Eliminate left recursion from the following grammar and construct first and following sets for the non-terminals:
  - $Lp \rightarrow no \mid Op Ls$
  - $Op \rightarrow + \mid - \mid *$
  - $Ls \rightarrow Ls Lp \mid Lp$
 (10 Marks)
  
- 3 a. Obtain SLR parsing table for the following grammar and comment on the
  - $S \rightarrow AaAb \mid BbBa$
  - $A \rightarrow \epsilon, B \rightarrow \epsilon$ , table thus obtained. (12 Marks)
- b. Is the following grammar SLR(1)? Justify by constructing canonical collection of sets of LR(0) items.
  - $S \rightarrow CC$
  - $C \rightarrow cC$
  - $C \rightarrow d$
 (08 Marks)
  
- 4 a. Construct LR(1) parsing table for the following grammar:
  - $S \rightarrow AaAb \mid BbBa$
  - $A \rightarrow \epsilon$
  - $B \rightarrow \epsilon$
 (12 Marks)
- b. Describe in brief error recovery in Yacc. (08 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg,  $42+8 = 50$ , will be treated as malpractice.

**PART – B**

- 5 a. Describe the S attributed and L attributed definition. (06 Marks)
- b. Define syntax directed translation scheme. Obtain the syntax directed definition for simple declaration D consisting of basic type T followed by list L of identifiers where T can be float or int. Also, obtain the dependency graph for float id<sub>1</sub>, id<sub>2</sub> id<sub>3</sub> and id<sub>4</sub> statement. (10 Marks)
- c. Obtain the syntax directed definition to construct syntax tree for expression generated out of the following grammar:  

$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid E - T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow id \mid num \mid (E)$$
 (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Write a translation scheme to generate three address code for an assignment statement containing array references generated out of the following grammar. Also obtain annotated parse tree for C = a + b[i][j], assuming b is 2x3 array of integers, c, a, i, j are integers and assuming width of integer as 4 bytes.  

$$S \rightarrow id = E ; \mid L = E_j$$

$$E \rightarrow E_1 + E_2 \mid id \mid L$$

$$L \rightarrow id [E] \mid L_1 [E]$$
 (12 Marks)
- b. Explain the concept of backpatching, with respect to Boolean expressions. (08 Marks)
- 7 a. What is an activation record? Explain the purpose of each item in an activation record. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the allocation strategy used to handle local variable length arrays on stack. (06 Marks)
- c. What is garbage collection? List the performance metrics to be considered while designing garbage collector. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain how DAG representation of basic blocks helps in optimization, with example. (12 Marks)
- b. Describe the steps used to construct the following:  
 i) Basic block from 3 address code  
 ii) Flow graph from basic blocks. (08 Marks)

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